

LCA: Optical lenses from Knecht & Müller Evaluated by ecological scarcity 2006 and 2013

Event

54 LCA discussion form 2013

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- 1. Introduction
- 2. Results from the LCA 2007
- 3. Comparing the results ecol. Sc. 2006 2013
- 4. Conclusions

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Knecht & Müller AG is a modern company with almost 100 years of family tradition producing high quality spectacle lenses.

They also have a long tradition in sustainable business strategy.



We do not view sustainability as a luxury which can be attended to in individual areas of our business. Sustainability is a standard of living and an attitude that represents the natural foundation of a company's activities and thought processes.

> Peter Müller President of the Board of Directors



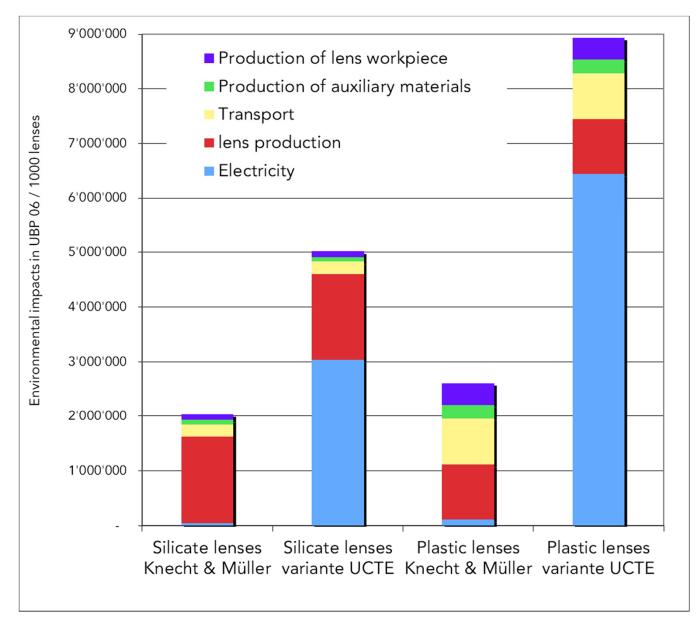
For the environmental dimension they use since about 20 years the method of LCA.

To evaluate the environmental impacts as a base for improvements and so for management decisions they use also single score methods like the ecological scarcity.

Scope of the following analyses: Functional unit: 1000 lenses System boundary: cradle to gate

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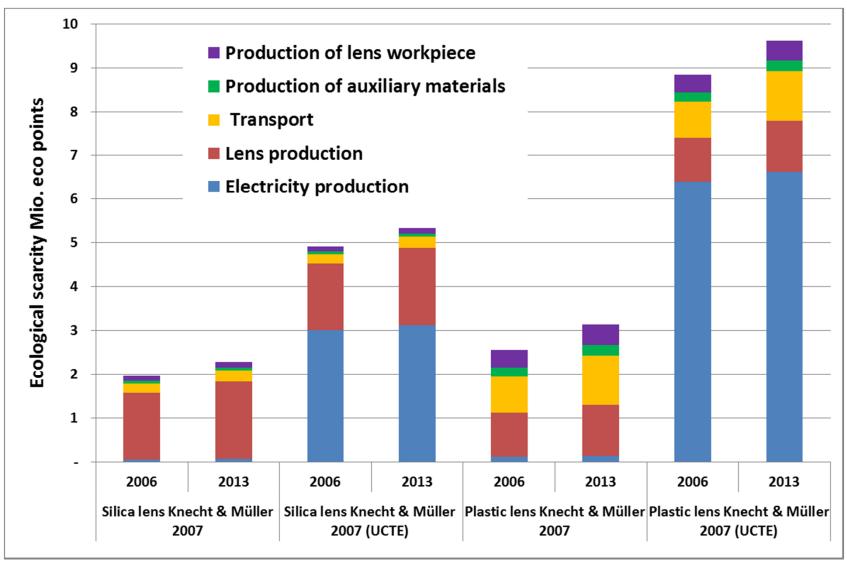
1000 lenses in the year 2007 using UBP 06 ≈ 1000



Ecological decisions from this and previous LCA:

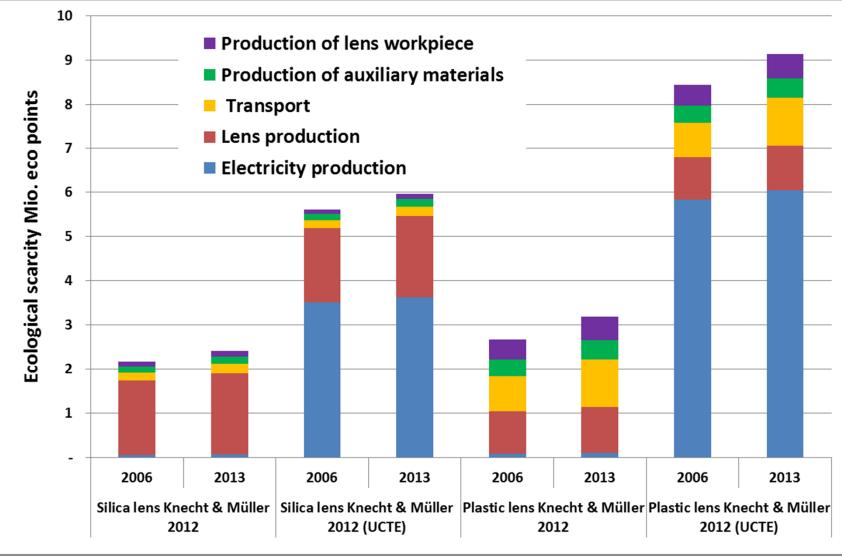
- Using only electricity from hydro and PV
- Using heat from wood instead of natural gas

UBP 2006 and 2013 mineral lenses and organic lenses: 2007



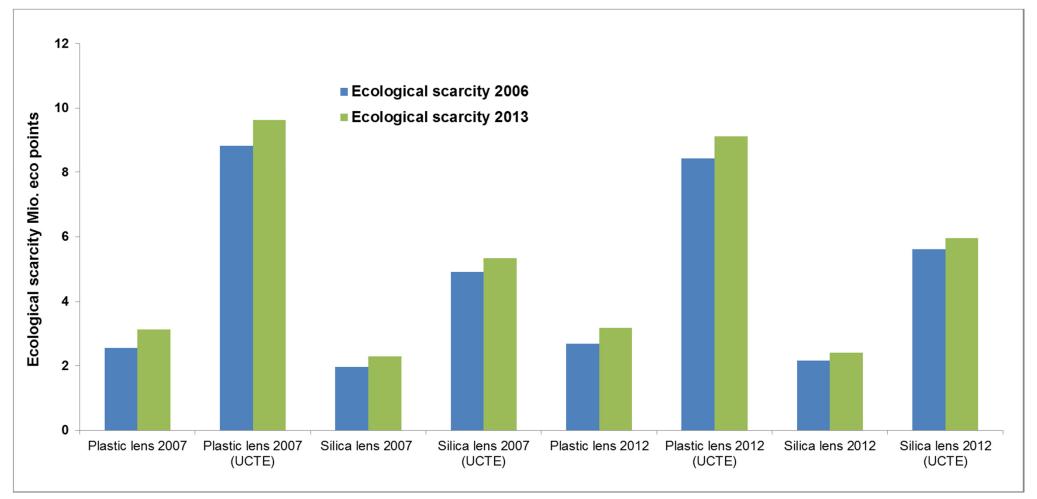
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UBP 2006 and 2013 mineral lenses and organic lenses: 2012



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1000 lenses produced by Knecht & Müller $\approx 1000 = 1000 \text{ lenses produced by Knecht & Müller}$



1000 silica lenses 2012

3000000

2500000

2000000

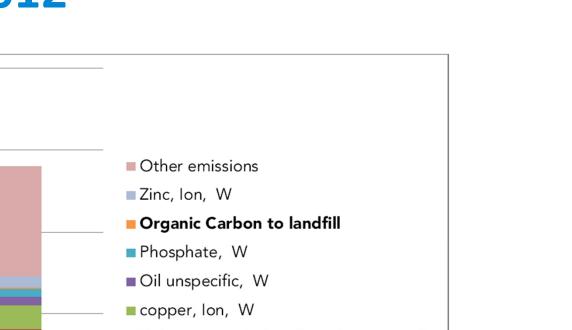
1500000

1000000

500000

0

Ecological scarcity



- Volume occupied, radioactive waste, R
- Oil crude, in ground
- TCDD-equivalente, A
- Nitrogene oxide, A
- Sulfure dioxide, A
- Particle, < 2.5 um, A
- Carbon dioxide, A

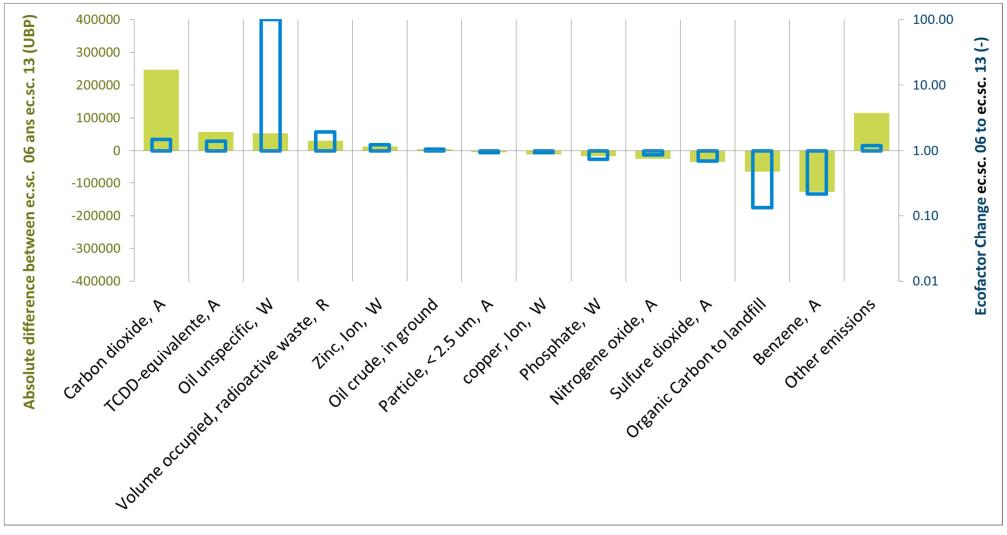
Benzene, A

2013

2006



1000 silica lenses 2012 Changes of the relevant influences



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1000 silica lenses 2012 (UCTE)

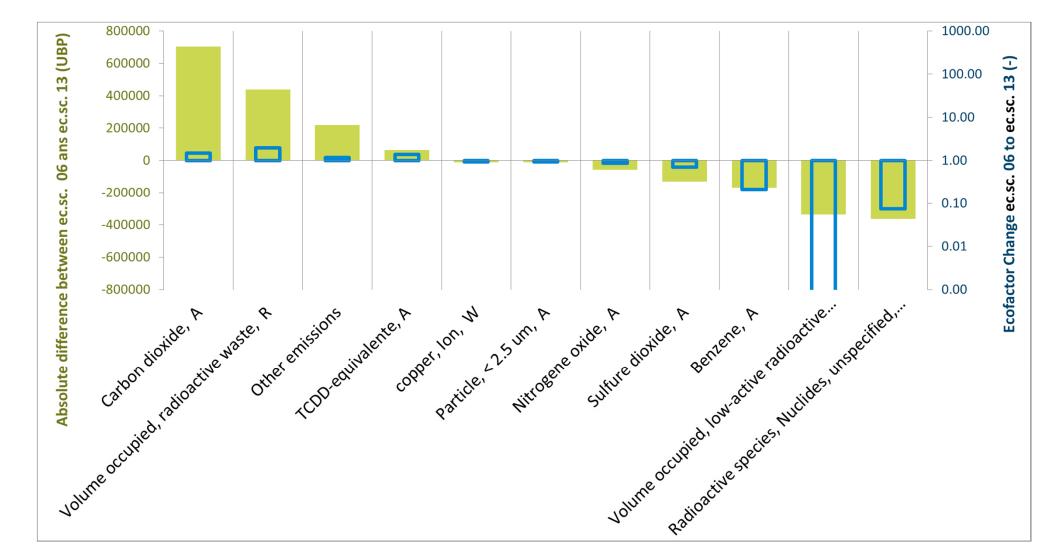
1000 Silica lenses 2012 (UCTE) 7000000 Lenses from Knecht Müller 6000000 Other emissions Radioactive species, Nuclides, unspecified, W 5000000 copper, Ion, W Volume occupied, low-active radioactive waste, R 4000000 Volume occupied, radioactive waste, R TCDD-equivalente, A 3000000 Nitrogene oxide, A Sulfure dioxide, A 2000000 ■ Particle, < 2.5 um, A 1000000 Carbon dioxide, A Cadmium, A 0 Benzene, A 2006 2013 Knecht & Müller

Lenses

Ecological scarcity

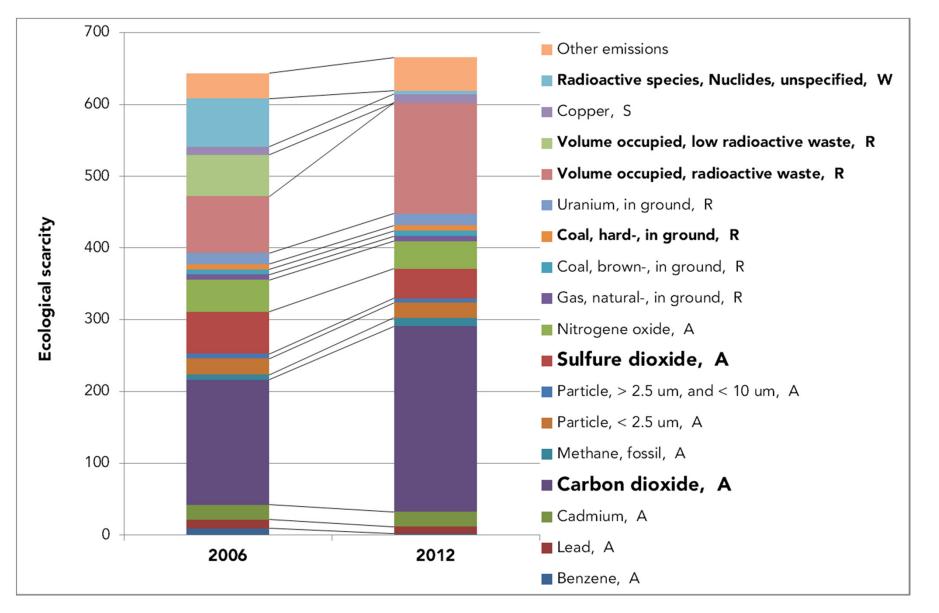
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1000 silica lenses 2012 (UCTE) Changes of the relevant influences



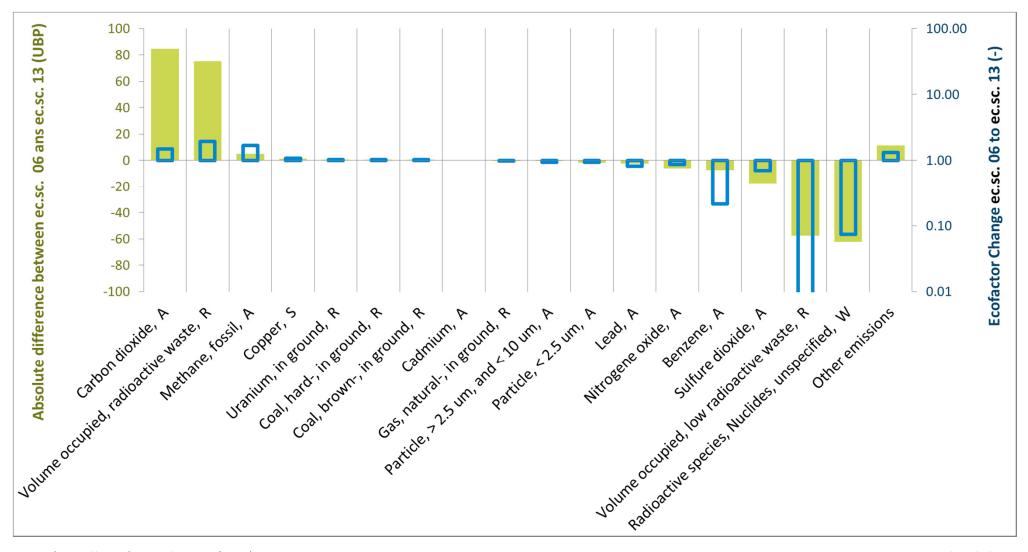
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1 kWh of electricity (UCTE)



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1 kWh of electricity UCTE Changes of the relevant influences



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Conclusions

- The changes in the overall results for the products studied in this LCA due to updated method are small.
- They will not lead to different conclusions.
- Even if there are quit high differences for specific emissions like
 - Carbon dioxide and other gases leading to climate change
 - Sulphur dioxide
 - Benzenes
 - Organic carbon to landfill
- Or new factors have been added like for
 - Oil unspecific in water
- The changes in the factors for radioactive wastes does not affect the results

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Thank you for your attention! $\leq \leq \leq \leq$