

GUIDEnano: A tool for risk assessment of nano-enabled products considering the whole life cycle

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Develop innovative methodologies to evaluate and manage human and environmental health risks of NM-enabled products, considering the whole product life cycle

Interactive digital Guidance Tool

Ensure good practises & safety



Main intended users

Communication Tool



Scientific data gaps
No specific regulatory guidance



How should we proceed?

One decade of intensive research on nanosafety
Continuously increasing NM-enabled products to the market
Societal concerns (but society cannot easily discriminate in which cases there should be concern and which not)



Industry needs that this knowledge is transferred in an organized manner, in a way that it can become informative for their own cases

How does it compare to existing Tools?

Name	RA			Type	Output
	Worker	Consumer	Environment		
ANSES Tool	X			Tool	CB
Sttofenmanager Nano	X			Tool	CB
CB NanoTool	X			Tool	CB
Swiss Prec. Matrix	X	X	X	Tool	CB
Groso's Method	X			DSS	CB
US NANOTOOL	X			DSS	CB
STM Nano	X			Model	CB
SSD			X	Model	Q
NanoSafer 2	X			Model	CB/SQ
NanoRiskCat	X	X	X	Model	CB
NRST	X	X	X	DSS	CB
FINE			X	Model	Q
REACHnano ToolKit	X	X	X	Tool	CB/Q
LICARA NanoScan	X	X	X	Tool	CB
MARINA	X	X	X	Strategy	CB/Q
ConsExpo nano		X		Tool	Q
SimpleBox4nano	X	X	X	Model	Q
DF4nanoGrouping	X	X	X	Strategy	CB

- Most of the methods focus on occupational human health
- Less than half of the methods include the environment
- Most of them are control banding methods
- A number of methods assess nano-enabled products



Comprehensive:

- Includes all phases of the risk assessment
- Focuses on environmental and human RA

Allows assessments with different levels of data availability

- When limited data is available, worse case defaults are used
- When further information is available, this is used to refine parameters in the risk assessment process

Risk Assessment estimate is quantitative

Flexible structure built to allow extensions and updates following scientific/regulatory progress

GUIDE^{nano} version 3.0

This tool will guide the nano-enabled product developers (industry) into the design and application of the most appropriate risk assessment & mitigation strategy for a specific product.

[Learn more »](#)



Case

Activities

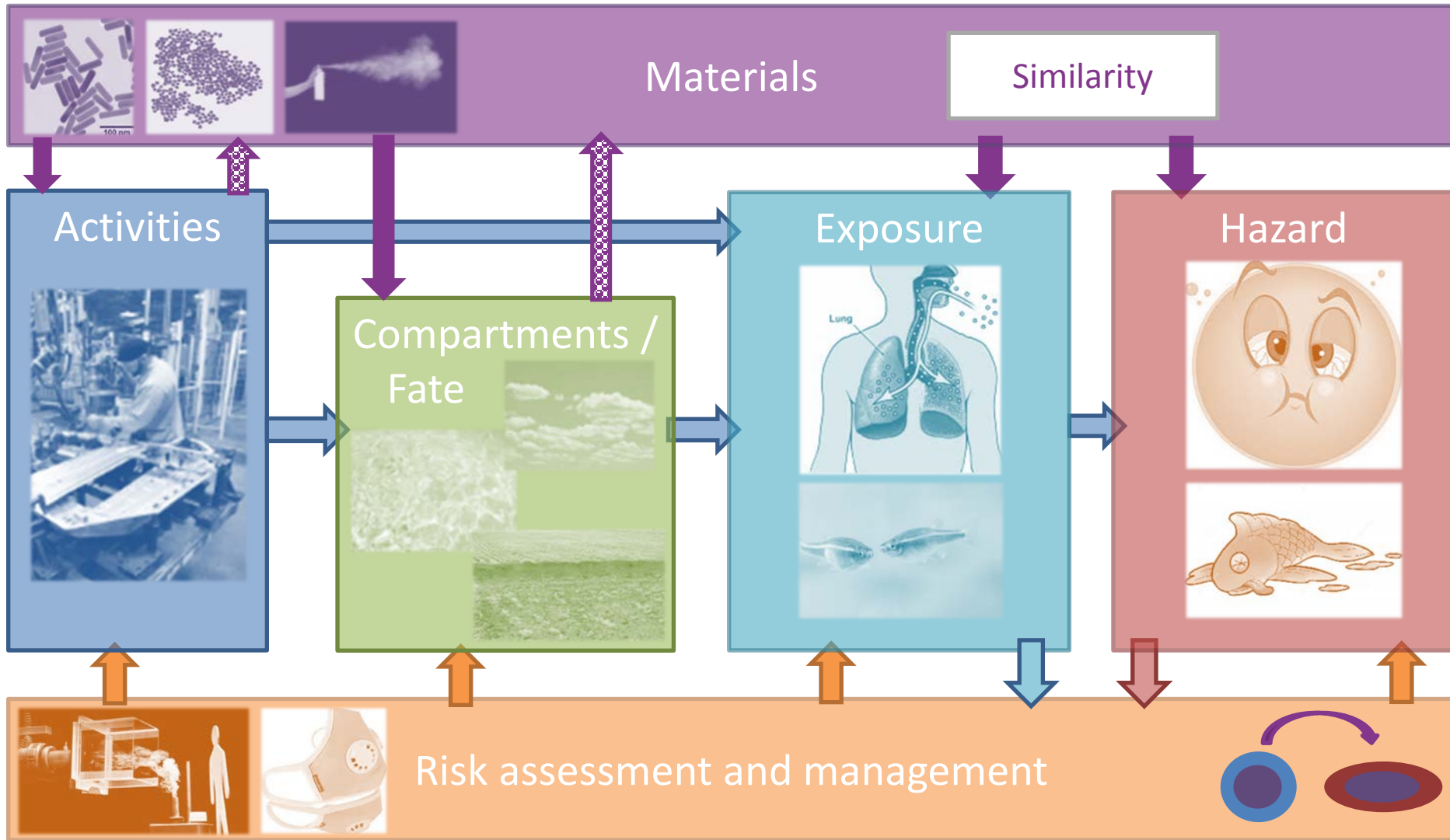
(Nano)materials

Compartments

Exposure | Hazard Assessment

Risk Assessment

Report





► GUIDEnano case

- ▲ Activities
- ▲ (Nano)materials
- ▲ Compartments
- ▲ Exposure
- ▲ Toxicity studies
- ▲ Risk assessment

Case | Activities | (Nano)materials | Compartments | Exposure | Hazard Assessment ▾ | Risk Assessment ▾ | Report ▾

GUIDEnano case

With the GUIDEnano tool you can define a nano enabled product life cycle and assess the identified risks of the released nanomaterial forms for both human health and environmental fate.

Via the menu at the top you can define:

- the activities related to the product before, during and after it's life;
- the relevant nano enabled articles, (nano)materials, substances, mixtures, chemicals and their properties;
- the environmental compartments and zones where (nano)materials are released into;
- the exposure scenarios for both human and eco species;
- hazard assessment for each relevant hazard endpoint for both environment and humans;

Finally, a risk assessment overview of human health and environmental fate is presented showing the risk outcome for each individual exposure scenario.

Identity

Name of this case:

Author(s)

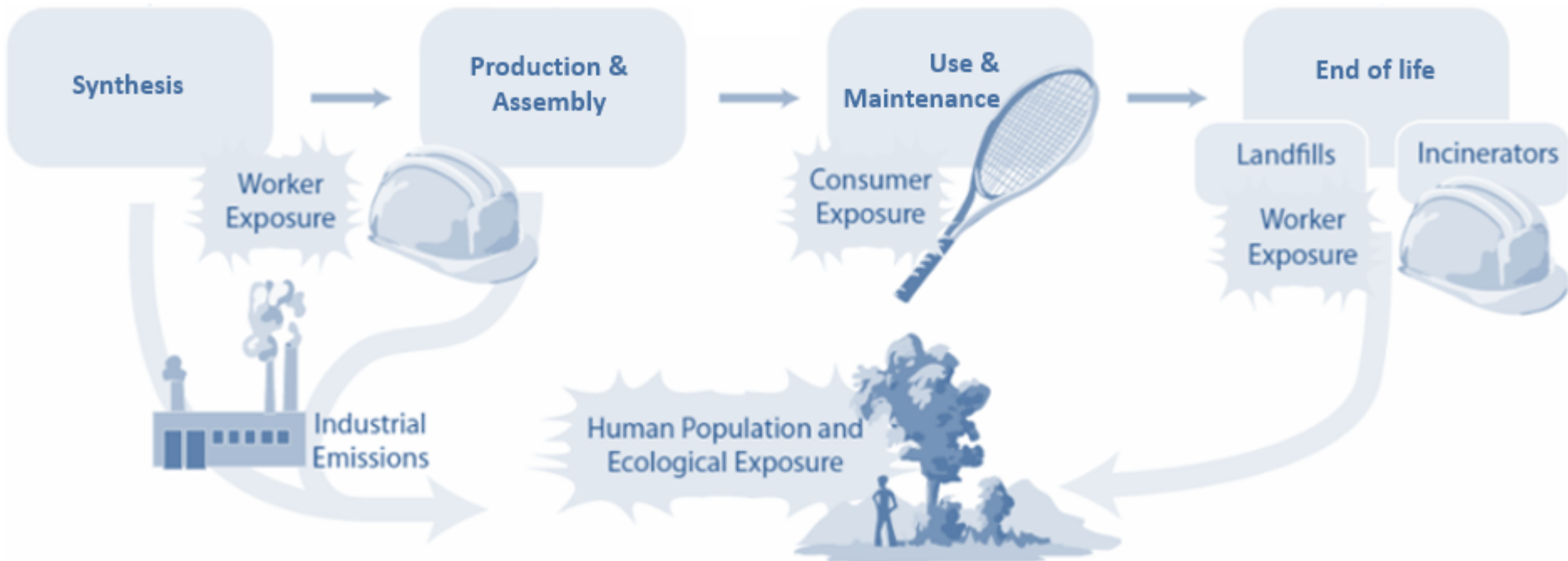
General description and goal:

Assess the environmental risk using Ceramic tiles coated with photo catalytic TiO2 NP on 5000 facades in a city.

Report info



Case Activities (Nano)materials Compartments Exposure | Hazard Assessment Risk Assessment Report



Activities

Activities					
		activity name	setting/scale	life cycle phase	locations
		Synthesis of TiO2 NP's	small industry	synthesis	1
		Production of TiO2 NP formulation	small industry	production	1
		Coating the ceramic tiles with spray gun	small industry	assembly	1
		Curing the ceramic tiles with coating	large industry	assembly	1
		Citywide use + Weathering	other domestic	use/maintenance	5000
		Removal and disposing of old tiles	small industry	end of life	1
+					

Activity card wizard

Activity card wizard ✕

Life cycle stage:

Select the activity card from the library:

--select--

- Cosmetic manufacturing process
- Surface spraying of liquids
- Spray application of paints on e.g. ships (using hvlp or airless techniques)
- Spray application of paints by spray can
- Spray application of paints by pneumatic spraying
- Activities with relatively undisturbed surfaces (no aerosol generation)
- Immersion of objects
- Gluing



Building in Release Knowledge

Collect relevant data in literature

+

Information by project partners

+

ECHA Guidance (worst case)

+

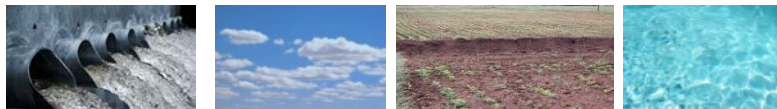
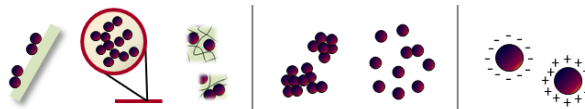
Experimental work

Release factor

Exposure relevant form

Receptor compartment

Amount per product/time period



Activity: Production of TiO2 NP formulation

Overview
General info
Input, output and release
Duration
(Nano)material flow

Activity input

	input description	material	relative to
🗑️ ↩️	TiO2 NP's to be added to the formulation	TiO2 NP's 🗑️	output produced formulation

Activity output(s)

	output description	material	relative to	relative amount	total amount	unit	ref.	rate
🗑️ ➡️	produced formulation	TiO2 NP suspension (formulation) 🗑️			300000.0	l	<input type="checkbox"/>	100 l/h

Activity release(s)

	release description	released material	relative to	relative release	RMM's	total release	unit	ref.	rate/location
🗑️ ⬇️	TiO2 NP's released into indoor air	TiO2 NP's 🗑️	input TiO2 NP's to be added to the formulation 🗑️	2.5 %	no	600000	g	<input type="checkbox"/>	201 g/h

Overall mass balance [output + release]

The total [output + release] of nano

100 l/h

Is the operational time of this activity relative to the output amount? Yes

Rate metric: Volumetric flow

Rate value: 100.0 l/h

Operational time: 125 days

Close

2.5 %

Relative release estimate: [TiO2 NP's released into indoor air]

An amount of this [release | TiO2 NP's released into indoor air] (A) is expressed as the amount relative to [input | TiO2 NP's to be added to the formulation] (B), A / B

material (A): TiO2 NP's
material (B): TiO2 NP's

Metric: Percentage

Relative release: 2.5 %

Per cycle:

Data source: release library

Fraction of material released: 0.025

Comment

Activity Card Library (ART revised value)

Close

201 g/h

Time unit to express the duration of the release in: h

Rate unit to express the rate of the release in: g/h

Indicate the way the release time is related to a single activity cycle.

- a fixed time for each active period within a cycle
- a fixed time per cycle
- a percentage of the uptime
- a percentage of the entire cycle duration
- a time concentration of the uptime
- a time concentration of the entire cycle

Indicate the percentage: 100.0

Duration of a single activity cycle: 1 year 9 days 2 h

Operational time within a single activity cycle: 125 days

Number of cycles per location: 1

Total duration of release over all cycles per location: 125 days

Release rate per location: 201 g/h during 125 days per cycle

Amount per cycle per location: 601 kg

Release uptime per period: 8 h

Release downtime per period: 16 h

Number of periods per cycle: 375

Close

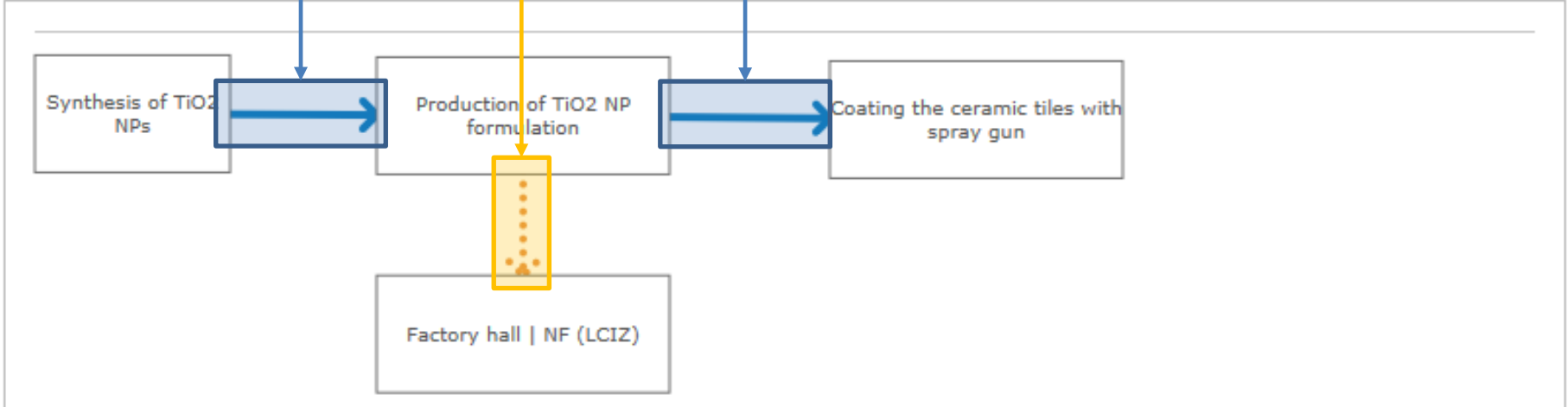


Activity: Production of TiO₂ NP formulation

input	from preceding activity	transport time	unit
← TiO ₂ NP's to be added to the formulation	Synthesis of TiO ₂ NP's synthesized TiO ₂ NP's	0.0	h

output(s)	to succeeding activity	transport time	unit
→ produced formulation	Coating the ceramic tiles with spray gun coating to be applied	0.0	h

release(s)	into compartment zone	or directly in contact with
release TiO ₂ NP's released into indoor air	Factory hall NF (LCIZ)	Workers in factory dermal contact of TiO ₂ powder during mixing
release TiO ₂ NP's dermal contact release		+ --select--



Case

Activities

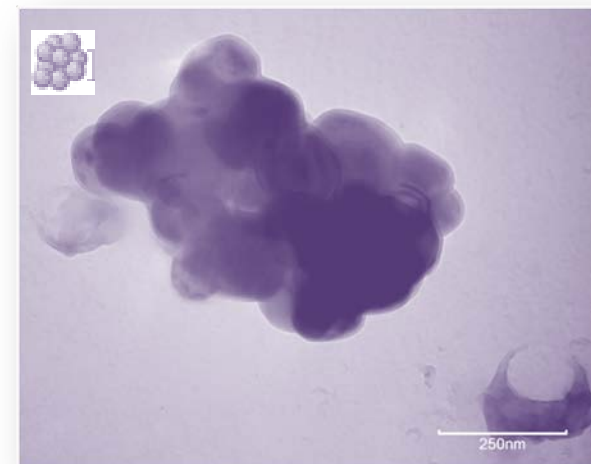
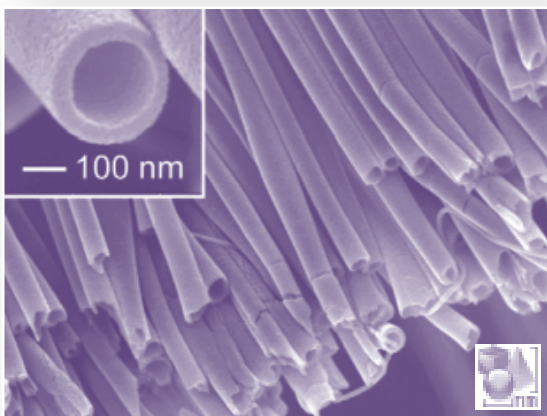
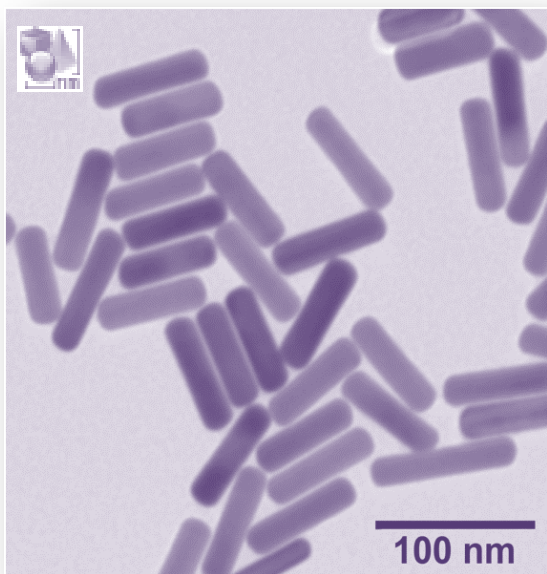
(Nano)materials

Compartments

Exposure | Hazard Assessment

Risk Assessment

Report





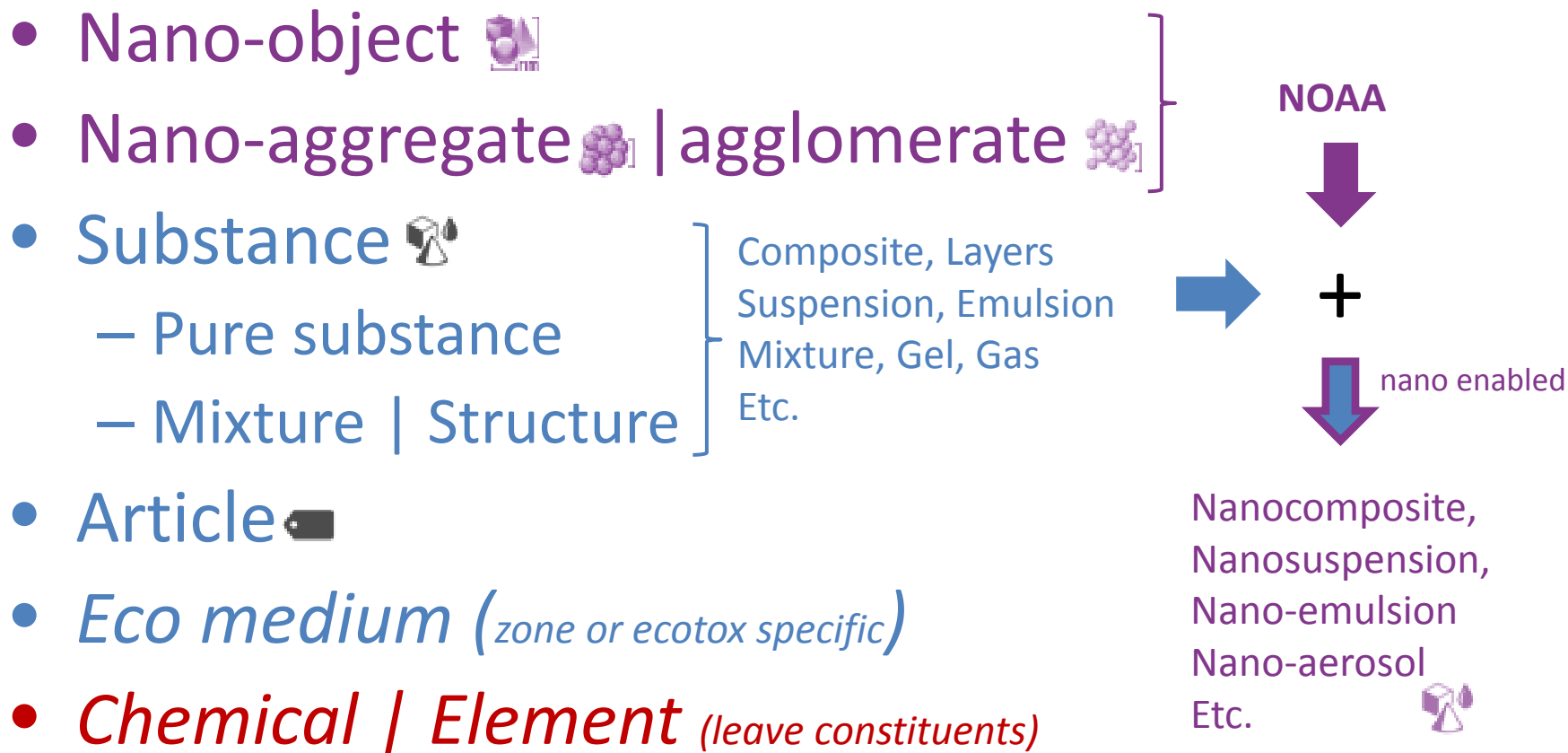
(Nano)materials

Below you can add '+' the different (nano)materials, substances and mixtures relevant before, during and after the life of the nano enabled product. Think of synthesized nanoparticles, manufactured materials with nano features, released nanomaterials into the environment. But also the (nano)materials, chemicals and substances used for toxicity tests and read across.

Scenario relevant (nano)materials:

	name	description	category	nano constituents	chem.	hazard statements
	TiO2 coated tiles 50x50 (virgin)	Tiles to be applied outside 50x50 cm and 20 kg/m2	article	TiO2 NP's		constituent(s) with hazard label(s) exist!
	TiO2 NP's	Titanium Dioxide (anatase) nano particles used to c	nanoparticle	TiO2 NP's	TiO2 (s)	H351 (also constituent(s) with hazard label(s) exist!)
	TiO2 NP suspension (formulation)	Suspension applied onto the tiles	suspension	TiO2 NP's		constituent(s) with hazard label(s) exist!
	Ceramic (untreated)	New ceramic material (uncoated)	composite			
	Ceramic TiO2 NP sprayed with formulation	Ceramic with sprayed formulation (uncured)	composite	TiO2 NP's		constituent(s) with hazard label(s) exist!
	Ceramic TiO2 NP coated and cured (virgin)	New TiO2 NP coated ceramic material	composite	TiO2 NP's		constituent(s) with hazard label(s) exist!
	Weathered/ used tiles 50x50	Old tiles to be disposed of after use phase	article	TiO2 NP's		constituent(s) with hazard label(s) exist!
	Weathered ceramic (old)	Aged ceramic material (less NP's)	composite	TiO2 NP's		constituent(s) with hazard label(s) exist!
	TiO2 NP's used in tox study	NP used in toxicity study	nanoparticle	TiO2 NP's used in tox study	TiO2 (s)	
+	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> select-- article substance/mixture nano-object nanostructured aggregate nanostructured agglomerate </div>					





- Article, *TiO₂ photocatalytic tile 50x50 cm*
 - Nanocomposite, *TiO₂ NP coated ceramic material* [role = contained]
 - Composite, *Ceramic* [role = solid matrix]
 - *Slim porcelane* [role=layered]
 - *Engobe* [role=layered]
 - Etc..
 - Nano particle, *TiO₂ NP* [role = surface bound]
 - *TiO₂ chemical* [role = core]
 - *Phosphorus* [role = impurity]

TiO2 NP's

Physico-chemical characteristics
Constituents(2)
Presence(7)

Nanomaterial category: nanoparticle

Identification

Shape and size

Physical properties

Surface properties

Function(s)

Mass conversion

Chemical info

Reactivity info

Classification & Labelling

Toxicity studies

Quality: (78.0%)

Shape

Morphology / shape:

Mean size

Mean nanoscaled particle diameter (D1 ~ D2 ~ D3) in nm:

Aspect ratio:

Size method/distribution

Size distribution data available?

Method used: • Size type:

Size distribution

Metric: Distribution: Geometric mean: • Geometric standard deviation:

Primary size distribution				
diameter	%	m2/g	mass%	number%
0 - 1nm	0.0	2006	0%	0%
1 - 10nm	0.0	200.4	0%	0%
10 - 30nm	10.0	66.03	0.04898%	10.01%
30 - 100nm	72.6	19.87	13.04%	72.67%
100 - 300nm	17.2	6.603	84.25%	17.22%
300 - 500nm	0.1	3.757	2.659%	0.1001%
500 - 1000nm	0.0	1.928	0%	0%
1000nm+	0.0	0.002003	0%	0%

Particle density: **3.77 g/cm³**
 Particles per gram: **1.8E14 particles/g** [TiO2 NP's]
 Average mass per particle: **5.642E-15 g/particle** [TiO2 NP's]
 Surface area per gram: **8.287 m²/g** [TiO2 NP's]
 Average volume based size: **102.5 nm**
 Percentage of particles in nanoscale: **82.6 %**

Size distribution

Size Bin	Number based (%)	Mass based (%)
0 - 1nm	0.0	0.0
1 - 10nm	0.0	0.0
10 - 30nm	10.0	0.0
30 - 100nm	72.6	13.0
100 - 300nm	17.2	84.3
300 - 500nm	0.1	2.7
500 - 1000nm	0.0	0.0
1000nm+	0.0	0.0



Case

Activities

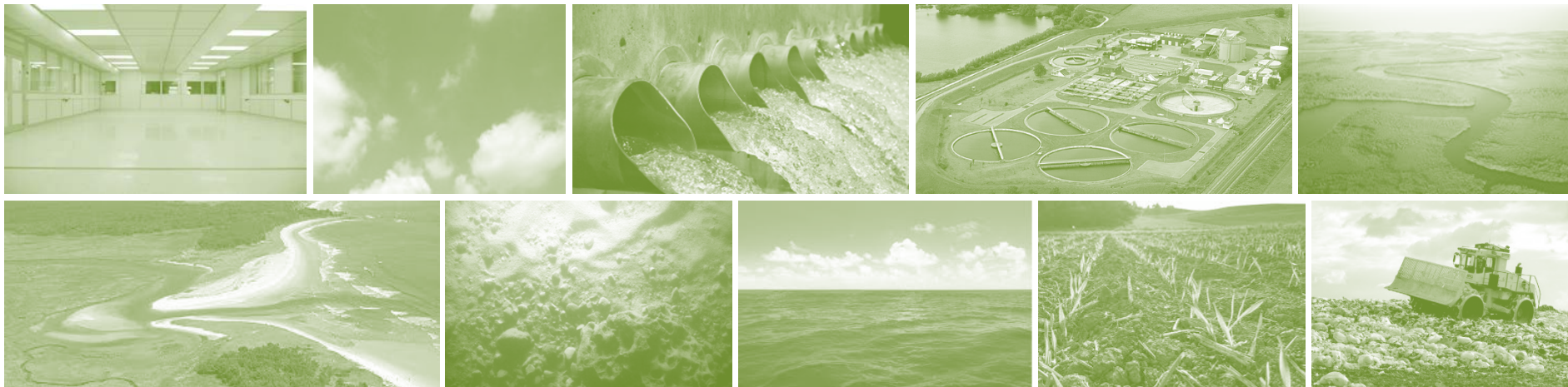
(Nano)materials

Compartments

Exposure | Hazard Assessment ▾

Risk Assessment ▾

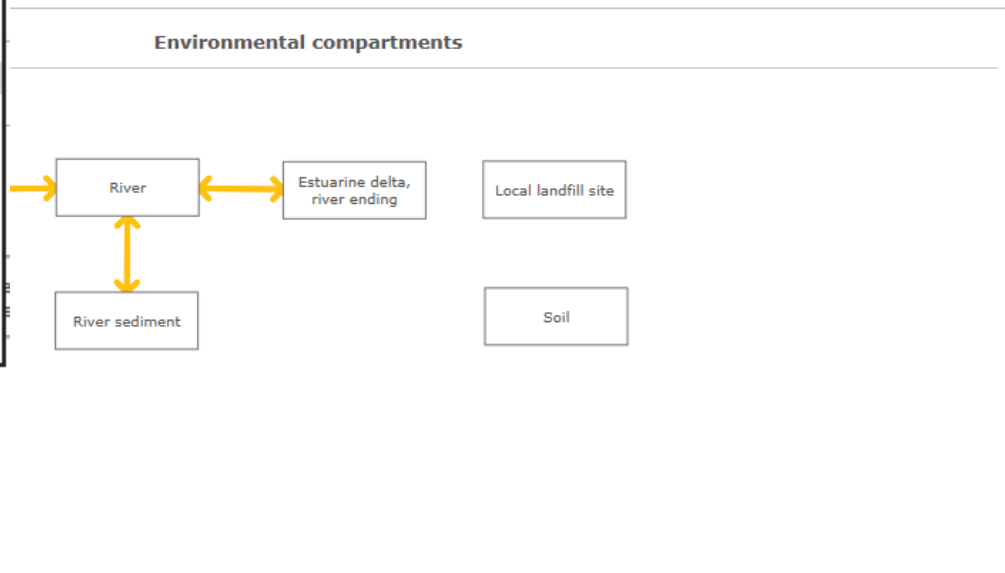
Report ▾



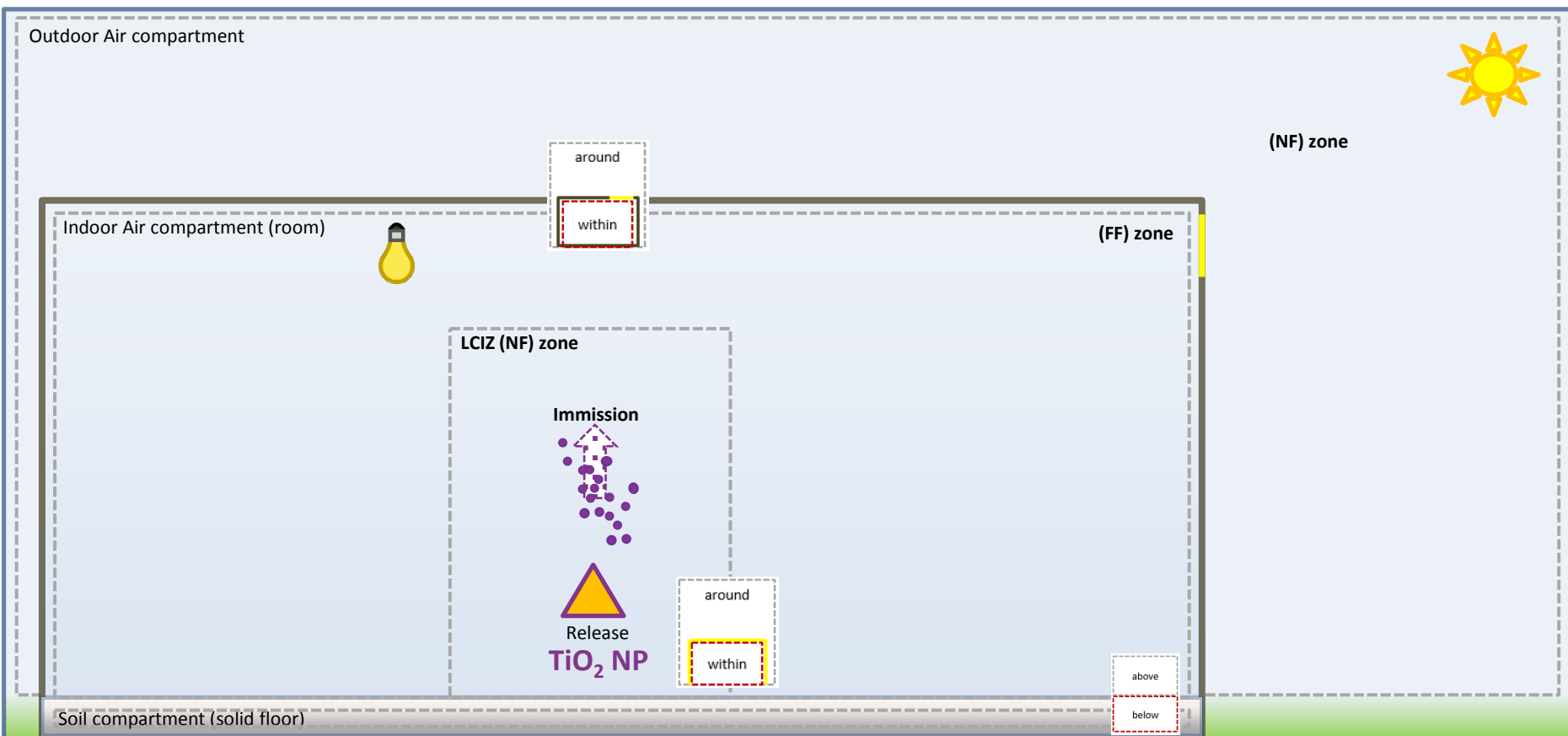
Compartments

Environmental compartments	
type	name
Indoor air	Factory hall
Outdoor air	Air outside factory
Sewage network	Sewage network system
Fresh water	River
Sediment (fresh water)	River sediment
Estuarine water	Estuarine delta, river ending
Landfill site	Local landfill site
Soil	Soil

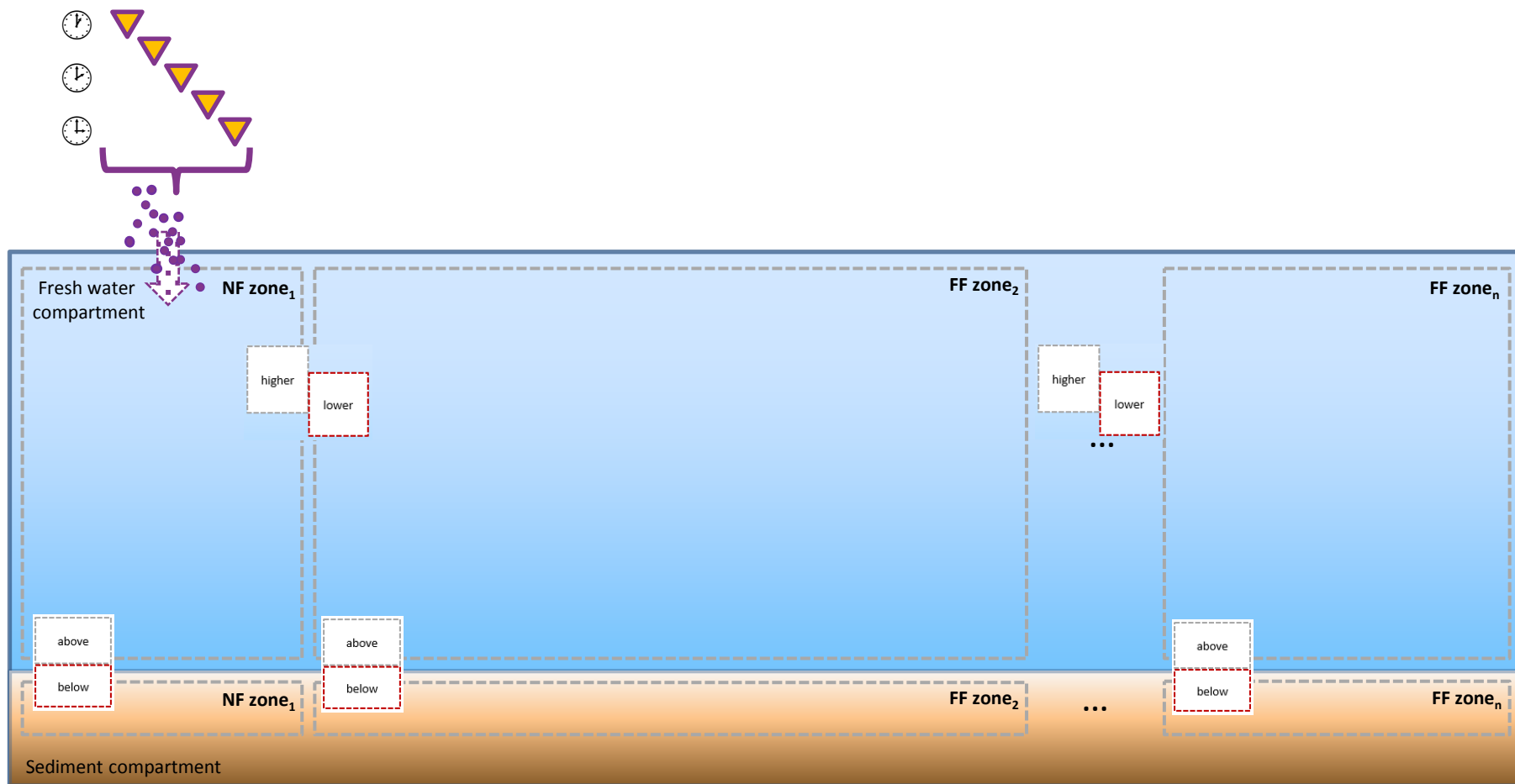
- + select--
- Indoor air
 - Outdoor air
 - Soil
 - Fresh water
 - Estuarine water
 - Marine water
 - Sediment (fresh water)
 - Sediment (estuarine water)
 - Sediment (marine water)
 - Sewage network
 - Waste water treatment plant
 - Landfill site

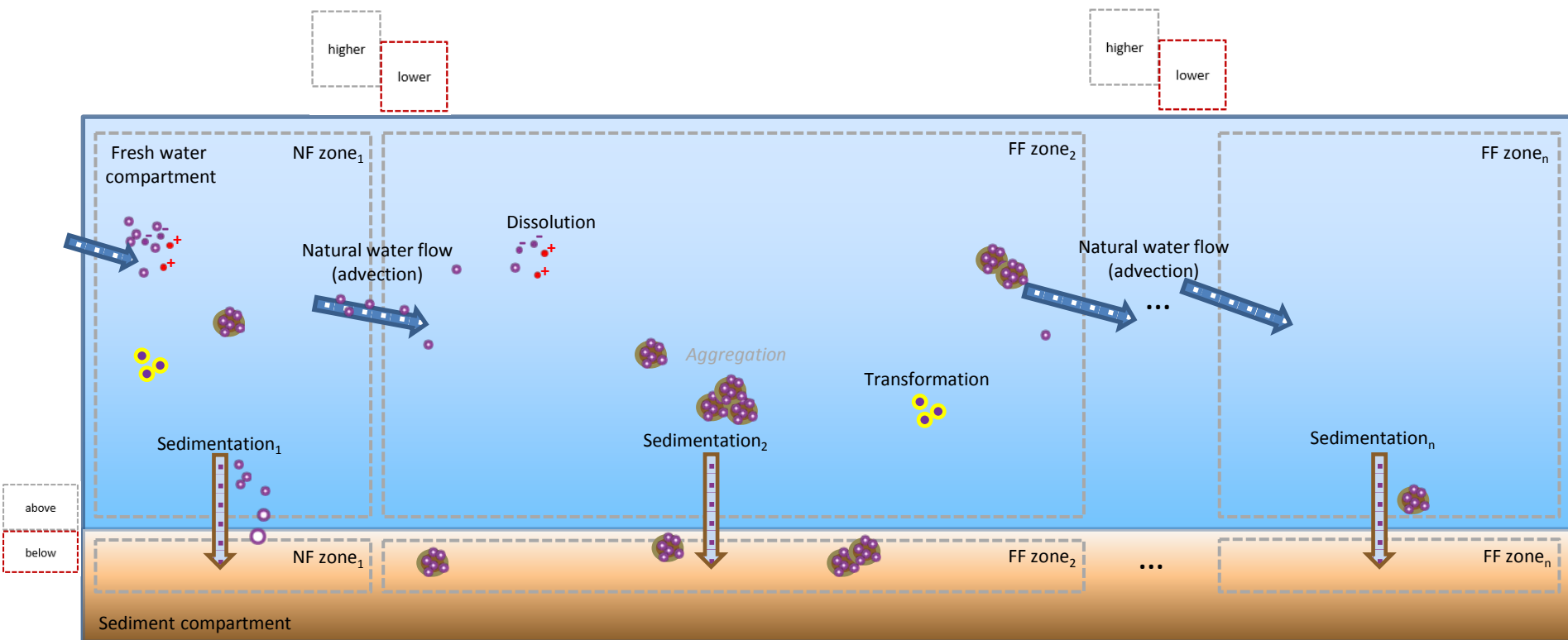


Factory hall & outdoor (release of TiO_2 NP)



River & Sediment (Static release of TiO₂ NP's)





Constituents of aquatic medium						
	category	name/identifier	phase	role of constituent	conc.	unit
☑	chemical	water	liquid	liquid medium	0.006481995996	mol/l
☑	chemical	oxygen	liquid	dispersed		mol/l
☑	chemical	H+	ions	dissolved	1E-7	mol/l
☑	chemical	phosphate	ions	dissolved		mol/l
☑	chemical	calcium	ions	dissolved	4.25E-5	mol/l
☑	chemical	magnesium	ions	dissolved	4.89E-5	mol/l
☑	chemical	sodium	ions	dissolved	1.35E-5	mol/l
☑	chemical	potassium	ions	dissolved	1.16E-5	mol/l
☑	chemical	nitrate	ions	dissolved	0.000108	mol/l
☑	chemical	chloride	ions	dissolved	1.5E-5	mol/l
☑	chemical	sulfate	ions	dissolved	1.000174246384	mol/l
☑	chemical	bicarbonate	ions	dissolved	4.51E-5	mol/l
☑	chemical	IronSulfate	solid	dispersed	300.0	µg/l

Zone: A fresh water zone

Properties	importing process	imported species	source zone
	Composition		
Contact zones			
Immission(s)			
Processes			
Chemical speciation			
Kinetics			
Exposure Agent(s)			
Exposed			

process	input species	output species	destination zone																				
Immission		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>species</th> <th>start</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 silver NP</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	species	start	1 silver NP	0	local																
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1 silver NP	0																						
$\text{Ag(s)} + 1/2 \text{O}_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 2\text{Ag}^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{aq})$	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>species</th> <th>start</th> <th>rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>silver NP Silver</td> <td>0</td> <td>0 g/s</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 O2(aq)</td> <td>0</td> <td>0 g/s</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 H+</td> <td>0</td> <td>0 g/s</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	species	start	rate	silver NP Silver	0	0 g/s	2 O2(aq)	0	0 g/s	3 H+	0	0 g/s	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>species</th> <th>start</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Ag+</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 H2O(aq)</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Degraded[silver NP]</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	species	start	Ag+	0	2 H2O(aq)	0	Degraded[silver NP]	0	local
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$2 \text{Ag}^+ + \text{FeS(s)} \rightarrow \text{Ag}_2\text{S(s)} + \text{Fe}^{2+}$	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>species</th> <th>start</th> <th>rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 Ag+</td> <td>0</td> <td>0 g/s</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 FeS(s)</td> <td>0</td> <td>0 g/s</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	species	start	rate	1 Ag+	0	0 g/s	2 FeS(s)	0	0 g/s	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>species</th> <th>start</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 Ag2S(s)</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 Fe+2</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	species	start	1 Ag2S(s)	0	2 Fe+2	0	local					
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Estimate ultimate exposure resulting from the release of NM during an activity

- Estimate directly derived from the fate models
- The Tool will be coupled to the **GUIDEnano exposure scenario** library (based on MARINA Library)
- The Tool **contains internal exposure models** and also guides the user into appropriate **external exposure assessment models** for each type of activity
- User estimate
- Measured data

For human exposure only

Activities | (Nano)materials | Compartments | Exposure | Hazard Assessment ▾ | Risk Assessment ▾

Fresh water species, near outlet

Exposure paths | Exposure scenario(s) | Hazard Assessment | Risk Assessment

	exposure zone(s)	exposure relevant material
🗑	River near outlet 🗑	{TiO2 NP's} 🗑
+		

▾ exposure near outlet (TiO2 NP's)

	source/ model	peak conc.	long-term conc.	unit	use
🗑	zone derived estimate <input type="checkbox"/>	7.859991958319 ●	7.859970861661 ●	µg/l <input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ●
+	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> select-- zone derived estimate user estimate measured data </div>				

Case

Activities

(Nano)materials

Compartments

Exposure | Hazard Assessment ▾

Risk Assessment ▾

Report ▾



GOAL

- ✓ Predict Hazard reference values for human and environmental health
DNEL-like and PNEC-like values
- ✓ Predict need for hazard classification for major hazard endpoints
Irritant, mutagenic, sensitizer...

First - Extract from GUIDEnano databases existing reference values /hazard classification for similar materials

Second - Propose worst case default values based on generic grouping

Third - Derive tailored reference values /hazard classification based on available toxicity studies



A) Evaluate each study in terms of :

- **SIMILARITY** of the TEST MATERIAL vs. the EXPOSURE RELEVANT MATERIAL
- **RELEVANCE** of the TEST for the HAZARD endpoint to be assessed
- **QUALITY**: Is it “Trustable”?

B) Derive a Hazard value for the Environmental Compartment / Human Endpoint of interest

Workers in factory

General
Available Protective Controls
Exposure paths
Exposure scenario(s)
Hazard Assessment
Risk Assessment

- repeated dose toxicity (inhalation)
- repeated dose toxicity (dermal)
- carcinogenicity (inhalation)
- carcinogenicity (dermal)
- mutagenicity
- reproductive toxicity (inhalation)
- reproductive toxicity (dermal)
- acute toxicity (inhalation)
- acute toxicity (dermal)
- absorption/ accumulation/ elimination
- respiratory sensitization
- skin sensitization
- skin irritation/corrosion
- developmental toxicity (inhalation)

Workers in factory | repeated dose toxicity (inhalation)
 Exposure relevant material: TiO2 NP's

STEP 1
 Are there regulatory binding or provisional OELs/DNELs for the exposure relevant material? (long term exposure) No

STEP 2
 Are toxicity studies with the exposure relevant or similar material available? Yes

Select existing or new toxicity studies with the exposure relevant or similar material

	guide line	name study	studied material
🗑️	STIS STIS - short term inhalation studies (subacute)		TiO2 NP's used in tox study
+	--select--		

Available studies	Score	Override	Accepted	Study Effect Level(s)	DNEL(s)	Uncertainty
STIS	similarity <input type="text" value="0.78"/>	0.78	0.9 <input type="text"/>	Yes	subacute NOAEL 1.3 mg/m3 long-term DNEL 0.0005889 mg/m3 <input type="text"/>	22.22x
	quality	1.0	-			
	relevance	0.3	0.3 <input type="text"/>			

STEP 3b, Default values based on generic grouping

GUIDEnano Tool

Workers in factory

General | Available Protective Controls | Exposure paths | Exposure scenario(s) | **Hazard Assessment** | Risk Assessment

- repeated dose toxicity (inhalation)
- repeated dose toxicity (dermal)
- carcinogenicity (inhalation)
- carcinogenicity (dermal)
- mutagenicity
- reproductive toxicity (inhalation)
- reproductive toxicity (dermal)
- acute toxicity (inhalation)
- acute toxicity (dermal)
- absorption/ accumulation/ elimination
- respiratory sensitization
- skin sensitization
- skin irritation/corrosion
- developmental toxicity (inhalation)
- developmental toxicity (dermal)

Workers in factory | repeated dose toxicity (inhalation)
 Exposure relevant material: TiO2 NP's

STEP 1
 Are there regulatory binding or provisional OELs/DNELs for the exposure relevant material? (long term exposure)

STEP 2
 Are toxicity studies with the exposure relevant or similar material available?


Select existing or new toxicity studies with the exposure relevant or similar material

	guide line	name study	studied material
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	STIS STIS - short term inhalation studies (subacute)	STIS xyz	TiO2 NP's used in tox study
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OECD 413 Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-day Study		TiO2 NP's used in tox study
<input type="checkbox"/>	--select--		

Available studies	Score	Override	Accepted	Study Effect Level(s)	DNEL(s)	Uncertainty
STIS	similarity <input type="checkbox"/> 0.78	0.9 <input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	subacute NOAEL 1.3 mg/m ³	long-term DNEL 0.0005889 mg/m ³ <input type="checkbox"/>	22.22x
	quality 1.0	-				
	relevance 0.3	0.3 <input type="checkbox"/>				
OECD 413	similarity <input type="checkbox"/> 0.78	0.78 <input type="checkbox"/>	No			
	quality 0.0	0.0 <input type="checkbox"/>				
	relevance 0.5	0.5 <input type="checkbox"/>				

STEP 4
 Final safety limit value for this endpoint:

Type	Final safety limit value	Uncertainty
DNEL	long-term DNEL 0.0005889 mg/m ³ <input type="checkbox"/>	22.22x



Low Medium High

RCR

Available studies	Score	Override	Accepted	Study Effect Level(s)	Lower Boundary Effect Level(s)	Uncertainty
OECD 203	similarity <input type="checkbox"/> 0.0	0.9 <input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	short-term LC50 124500 µg/l	LC50 112050 µg/l <input type="checkbox"/>	1.11x
	quality 1.0	-				
	relevance 1.0	-				
OPPTS 850.1300	similarity <input type="checkbox"/> 0.0	0.9 <input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	long-term NOEC 3000 µg/l	NOEC 2700 µg/l <input type="checkbox"/>	1.11x
	quality 1.0	-				
	relevance 1.0	-				
OECD 215	similarity <input type="checkbox"/> 0.0	0.9 <input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	long-term NOEC 500 µg/l	NOEC 450 µg/l <input type="checkbox"/>	1.11x
	quality 1.0	-				
	relevance 1.0	-				

STEP 3a

Most critical short-term lower boundary effect level: LC50 112050 µg/l

Taxonomic groups: vertebrates

Most critical long-term lower boundary effect level: NOEC 450 µg/l

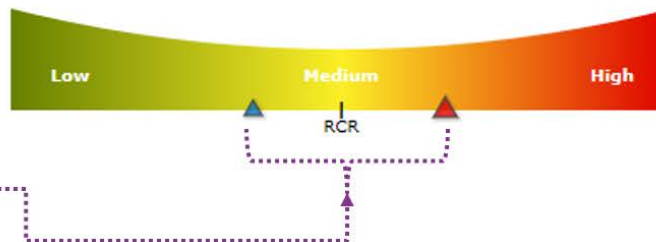
Taxonomic groups: invertebrates, vertebrates

Lower Boundary Effect Level	Type	Factor	What does it address	Options for uncertainty reduction
NOEC 450 µg/l				
'similarity override'	uncertainty	1.111x	uncertainty due to dissimilarity between exposure relevant and the studied material	<i>uncertainty = 1 / override similarity score for now</i>
'PNEC assessment factor'	uncertainty	50.0x	the PNEC assessment factor	
Derived PNEC		PNEC 9 µg/l	9.0	

STEP 4

Final safety limit value for this endpoint:

Type	Final safety limit value	Uncertainty
PNEC	PNEC 9 µg/l <input type="checkbox"/>	55.56x



Case

Activities

(Nano)materials

Compartments

Exposure | Hazard Assessment ▾

Risk Assessment ▾

Report ▾



Case | Activities | (Nano)materials | Compartments | Exposure | Hazard Assessment | Risk Assessment

Human health

Human exposure				Endpoints human hazard assessment																						
population exposure				repeated dose toxicity			carcinogenicity			mutagenicity	reproductive toxicity			acute toxicity			absorption/accumulation/elimination	sensitization			irritation/corrosion	developmental toxicity				
				inhalation	oral	dermal	inhalation	oral	dermal		inhalation	oral	dermal	inhalation	oral	dermal		respiratory	oral	skin	skin	inhalation	oral	dermal		
Workers in factory																										
- Worker exposure (formulation mixing)						-							-													
Living nearby the factory																										
- People living nearby the factory (< 500m)						-	-			-	-			-	-			-	-			-	-			-

Case | Activities | (Nano)materials | Compartments | Exposure | Hazard Assessment | Risk Assessment

Environmental fate

Environmental fate	Hazard endpoints environmental hazard assessment	
specie exposure		
Fresh water species, near outlet	PNEC fresh water	PNEC secondary poisoning
- The fresh water species exposed to the TiO2 particles living nearby the outlet of the sewage network.		
Fresh water sediment species, near outlet	PNEC fresh water sediment	
-		
Fresh water species, downstream	PNEC fresh water	PNEC secondary poisoning
-		
Fresh water sediment species, downstream	PNEC fresh water sediment	
-		
Marine water species	PNEC marine water	PNEC secondary poisoning
-		
Soil specie	PNEC soil	PNEC secondary poisoning
Soil specie	PNEC soil	PNEC secondary poisoning

▼ dermal | dermal contact of TiO2 powder during mixing (TiO2 NP's)

Duration of contact

Protective equipment used

Concentration estimate(s)

Add concentration estimate(s)									
source/ model	route	peak conc.	long-term conc.	unit	use	PPE effectiveness	peak estimate	long-term estimate	
☒ Dermal, instant application	dermal	33.3333333333	33.3333333333	mg/cm2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	90% reduction	3.333 mg/cm2	3.333 mg/cm2	
+ select--									

Personel Protective Equipment used:

PPE(s)	apply
☒ Gloves - Neoprene (unsupported)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
+ --select--	

Workers in factory | repeated dose toxicity (dermal)

Exposure Assessment			
source(s) / model(s)	route	exposure estimate	uncertainty
Dermal, instant application	dermal	long-term 33.33 mg/cm2	TO DO

Hazard Assessment		
Type	Final safety limit value	Uncertainty
DNEL	long-term DNEL 5 mg/cm2	0.0x

Low Medium High

RCR

Close

Scenario without gloves

Workers in factory | repeated dose toxicity (dermal)

Exposure Assessment			
source(s) / model(s)	route	exposure estimate	uncertainty
Dermal, instant application	dermal	long-term 3.333 mg/cm2	TO DO

Hazard Assessment		
Type	Final safety limit value	Uncertainty
DNEL	long-term DNEL 5 mg/cm2	0.0x

Low Medium High

RCR

Close

Scenario with gloves

BIG THANKS to GUIDEnano Consortium



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Ministerio de Ciencia e Innovación



SOCIAL NET:



THANK YOU

LEITAT
managing your technologies

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